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Safety Data Sheet

1. Chemical product and company identification

Product name : Thorin

Company information

Name of manufacturer : KANTO CHEMICAL CO., INC.

Address : 2-1, Nihonbashi, Muromachi 2-Chome, Chuo-Ku, Tokyo, 103-0022, JP

Name of section : Business Administration Department, Reagent Division

Telephone number : +81-3-6214-1090 Facsimile number : +81-3-3241-1047 Mail address : BC32@kanto.co.jp

Reference No

Recommended use : For research use only

Restrictions on use : Seek expert judgment when using the product for applications other

than those recommended.

2. Hazards identification

GHS classification

Health hazards Serious eye damage/eye Category 2A

irritation

Reproductive toxicity Category 2

Hazard pictograms





Signal word Warning

Causes serious eye irritation Hazard statements

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

Precautionary statements

: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and Prevention

understood.

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face

: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Response

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage : Store locked up.

Disposal : Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste

collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national

and/or international regulation.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Distinction of substance or

mixture

: Substance

Synonyms

2-(2-Hydroxy-3, 6-disulfo-1-naphthylazo) benzenearsonic acid

disodium salt

Chemical name	Concentration (%)	Formula	TSCA	EC-No.	CAS RN
Thorin	≥ 90	C16H11AsN2Na2010S2	Not listed	222-993-1	3688-92-4

4. First aid measures

First aid measures

First-aid measures after

inhalation

: Remove the victim to fresh air, and make him blow his nose and

gargle.

First-aid measures after skin

contact

: Wash the affected areas under running water.

First-aid measures after eye

contact

Wash the affected areas under running water for at least 15

minutes. If necessary, get medical treatment.

First-aid measures after

ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Give the victim one or two glasses of water or milk. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical treatment as

soon as possible.

Personal Protection in First

Aid and Measures

: Rescuers should wear proper protective equipment like rubber

gloves, goggles.

5. Fire fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water, dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, dry sand, foam

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Fire hazard

Thermal decomposition emits harmful arsenic oxide (III) fume.

Firefighting instructions

Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk, if

not possible, apply water from a safe distance to cool and

protect surrounding area. Fight fire from windward.

Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide or dry sand should be used for small fires. Foam extinguisher is effective for a large scale

Personal protection (Emergency

response)

: Wear breathing apparatus.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General measures

: Wear proper protective equipment and avoid contact with skin and inhalation of dust. Conduct operations from upwind and evacuate people downwind.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

: Attention should be given to avoid damage to the environment by flowing of spillage to rivers.

Methods and Equipment for Containment and Cleaning up

For containment : Sweep up in a chemical waste container. Flush contaminated area

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with copious amounts of water.

Prevention Measures for Secondary Accidents : Remove nearby sources of ignition and prepare extinguishing

media.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Technical measures : Wear appropriate protective equipment to avoid contact with skin

or inhalation of dust.

Precautions for safe handling : Avoid formation of dust and aerosols.

Do not allow contact with oxidizing substances.

Storage

Storage conditions : Store in a dark, cool place and tightly closed.

Material used in packaging/containers

: Glass, polyethylene, polypropylene.

8. Exposure controls / Personal protection equipment

ACGIH TWA Not established

Appropriate engineering

controls

: Install a local ventilation system in case of dusty condition.

Protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Dust mask

Hand protection : Impervious protective gloves

Eye protection : Safety goggles

Skin and body protection : Protective clothing, protective boots

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Solid
Color : Orange
Odor : Odorless

рΗ No data available Melting point No data available Freezing point No data available Boiling point No data available Flash point No data available Auto-ignition temperature : No data available : No data available Decomposition temperature Flammability Flammable solid Vapor pressure No data available Relative density No data available Density : No data available No data available Relative gas density Water: Soluble. Solubility Partition coefficient n-: No data available octanol/water (log Pow)

Explosive limits (vol %) : No data available
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Particle characteristics : No data available

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : May react with oxidizing substances.

It dissolves in acid and is stable, but decomposes gradually in

alkaline solution.

It forms water-soluble chelates with many metals.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous : Stable under normal conditions of use.

reactions

Conditions to avoid : Light, heat.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing substances.

Hazardous decomposition : Arsine, arsenic oxides.

products

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity (oral) : Classification not possible
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Classification not possible
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : No classification (gas)

Classification not possible (vapor)
Classification not possible (dust, mist)

 ${\tt Skin \ corrosion/irritation} \qquad \qquad : \quad {\tt Classification \ not \ possible}$

May cause skin irritation.

Classification not possible

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation

It is an eye irritant to humans, it was classified into category

2A.

 ${\tt Respiratory\ sensitization}$

Skin sensitization : Classification not possible

No test results are available on this substance. Although inorganic arsenic compounds may cause skin sensitization in humans, this is

not a definitive conclusion. According to EHC 224, dermal

sensitization to inorganic arsenic appears to be a rare occurrence in humans. Overall, due to insufficient study results available, the substance was classified into the "classification not possible"

category.

 ${\tt Germ\ cell\ mutagenicity} \qquad \qquad : \quad {\tt Classification\ not\ possible}$

Classification is not possible due to lack of data. The DFG has classified arsenic and its inorganic compounds into category 3A for germ cell mutagenicity (which is equivalent to category 1B to 2 in

the GHS classification).

Carcinogenicity : Classification not possible

IARC classifies "arsenic and inorganic arsenic compounds" as group

1 (carcinogenic to humans).

Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child Although there are no data on this chemical, oral administration of dimethylarsinic acid, an organic arsenic compound, to pregnant mice (1 day $200\sim600$ mg/kg) and rats (1 day $7.5\sim60$ mg/kg) on gestational days 7-16 resulted in a significant increase in fetal mortality on 600 mg/kg/ day in mice and on $50\sim60$ mg/kg/ day in rats, and a significant reduction in fetal weight gain was observed in $400\sim600$ mg/kg in mice and $40\sim60$ mg/kg in rats. Methylarsonate (disodium salt, $20\sim100$ mg/kg) and dimethylarsinate (sodium salt, $20\sim100$ mg/kg) also caused malformations (rib union, renal agenesis, encephalocele) with a chance of 6% or less when administered intravenously to pregnant hamsters on gestational day 8. Therefore, it was classified as category 2.

STOT-single exposure STOT-repeated exposure Classification not possibleClassification not possible

There are no data on this substance. Roxarsone (4-hydroxy-3-nitrophenylarsonic acid), an organic arsenic compound, was administered orally to rats and mice for up to 13 weeks. In 800 mg/kg, shivering in both species and ataxia in rats were observed, and renal tubular necrosis, hemorrhage, and calcification of the outer medulla were observed in rats. However, the dose at which the

lesion was found was above the guidance value, so it was

classification not possible. Classification not possible

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Aspiration hazard

Aquatic acute : Classification not possible Aquatic chronic : Classification not possible

Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

Bioaccumulative potential

No additional information available

Mobility in soil

No additional information available

Hazardous to the ozone layer

Ozone : Classification not possible

13. Disposal considerations

Ecological waste information

Precipitation method:

Dissolve the chemical completely by addition of sodium hydroxide solution. Then acidify the solution by diluted sulfuric acid. Add 4 folds of iron($\rm III$) sulfate solution that is chemical equivalent of containing arsenic and stir for a while. Harden the precipitate with cement and bury in a landfill site approved for hazardous waste disposal after confirming dissolving quantity in under criteria.

Or consult approved disposal companies.

<Note>

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*Dissolution test and dissolution standard for the disposal

are in accordance with provisions under related laws.

Contaminated container and packaging

In case of disposal of empty bottles, dispose bottles after removing the content thoroughly.

14. Transport information

International Regulations Transport by sea (IMDG)

UN-No. (IMDG) Not applicable Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) Not applicable Not applicable Packing group (IMDG) Transport hazard class(es) Not applicable

(IMDG)

Air transport (IATA)

UN-No. (IATA) Not applicable Proper Shipping Name (IATA) Not applicable Packing group (IATA) Not applicable : Transport hazard class(es) Not applicable

(IATA)

Marine pollutant : Not applicable

15. Regulatory information

Regulatory information with regard to this substance in your country or region should be examined by your own responsibility.

16. Other information

Data sources : Encyclopaedia Chimica, Kyoritsu Shuppan Co, Ltd. (1963) .

Handbook of Poisonous and Deleterious substances, revised and

enlarged edition, Yakumu Kohosa (2000) .

NITE Chemical Risk Information Platform (NITE-CHRIP), National

Institute of Technology and Evaluation.

The information contained herein is based on several references and the present state of our knowledge. However the SDS does not always cover all information about the product, handle the product carefully. The information is intended to ordinary usage, in case of particular handlings, conduct appropriate safety measurements. The information herein is only provision of information, and it does not represent a guarantee the properties of the product. The Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is prepared based on JIS Z7253.